



## A Student of Various Government Schemes in Maharashtra

\*<sup>1</sup>Dr. Maroti Vitthalrao Bhosale

\*<sup>1</sup>H.O.D, Department of Economics, Lat. Dr. Shankarao Satav Art & Commerce College Kalamnuri, Maharashtra, India.

### Abstract

Maharashtra Stamp Duty Amnesty Scheme 2023 popularly known as Abhay Yosana 2023 Stamp. Duty Maharashtra Started by the Department of Registration and Stamps under the Government of Maharashtra. All Citizen Can Benefit Form a Complete Waiver of exceed Plenty and Stamp Duty Revenue Maharashtra government of different Scheme.

- National Family Benefit Scheme.
- Indira Gandhi National Old Age Pension Scheme.
- Indira Gandhi National Disability Pension Scheme.
- Aam Adami Bima Yojana
- E-Scholarship.
- Shravan Bal Seva Rajya Nivruttivetan Yojana.
- Indira Gandhi National window pension Scheme.
- Sanjay Gandhi Niradhar Anudan Yojana.
- Jalyukt Shivar Yojana.

**Keywords:** Renewable, subsidy, disability pension, unorganised sector, non-contributory pension, low and moderate income.

### Introduction

Maharashtra Government has approved the Lek Ladki (Beloved Daughter) Scheme on Tuesday the Schemes Was announced in this year's State, budget. It will be applicable to families holding yellow or Saffron ration Cards, the Effective for girls born Post 1<sup>st</sup> of April 2023, 100ct 2023

### Objective

- i). To Study Social and economics projects or Schemes in Maharashtra.
- ii). Due to the different economics projects Financial or economic development is Possible in Maharashtra.
- iii). Development index improves.
- iv). Human development index improves.
- v). It reduces Socio-Economic backwardness

### Hypothesis

- i). There is no development of Maharashtra People due to different in Maharashtra.
- ii). Human development index improves.
- iii). Because of different economics projects people develop their insufficiencies in them.
- iv). Due to economic projects agriculture and Sector are developing.

Certainly Maharashtra has implemented several government Schemes a cross various Sectors same notable ones include.

### 1. Jal Yukta Shivar Yojana

Is also known as the Jalyukta Shivar Scheme It is a flagship initiative launched by the government of Maharashtra to make the state drought free and water abundant. This visionary Scheme focuses on Water Conservation, Management and effective utilisation of water resources across the state the project, which aims to make 5000 villages free of water Scarcity every year involves deepening earthen Stop dams, Work on, nallahs and digging of farm ponds. In importance of water conservation in Maharashtra water management's it's critical because irrigation is vital to agriculture which in tum Supports the States millions of farmer and ensures food Security

### 2. Jeevan Jyoti Yojana

The Scheme Will be a one year Cover Term Life insurance Scheme, renewable from year to year offering life insurance cover for death due to reason.

### 3. Ujjwal Gas Yojana

The Scheme provides a financial Supports of Rs 1600 for each LPG Connection to the BPL households. The administrative Cost of Rs. 1600 per Connection, which

includes a cylinder Pressure Regulator, booklet, safety, house etc the CCEA has raised the Subsidy from 200 per Cylinder Rs 300 for Up to 12 refills per year Mr. Thakur Told The Media, It how ever did not receive the additional Subsidy outgo the Move would entail in 2022-23, 6100 Crore was provided as aishwarya Subsidy, which increased to Rs 7680 Crore in Fiscal year 2023 – 24

#### 4. Indira Gandhi National Old Age Pension Scheme

BPL person aged 60 years or above are entitled to a monthly pension of Rs 200 – up to 79 years of age and Rs 500 thereafter this is a non-Contributory Pension

#### 5. Indira Gandhi National Disability Pension Scheme

BPL persons aged 18-59 years with severe and multiple disabilities are entitled to a monthly pension of Rs 300 This Scheme introduction under national social Assistance program provides monthly pensions to disabled people for the prosperity of their lives Any disabled person whose age is more than 18 years, and with disability 80% or more belonging to the poverty line can apply for this scheme.

#### 6. Aam-Admi Bhima Yojana

This is meant for land less labourers in rural areas in the age Group of 18-59 years The premium Charged under the scheme will be Rs 200 per annum per member out of which 50% is Subsidised the state Govt. and central govt. Aam Aadmi Bima Yojana is government sponsored social Security Scheme that aims to provide affordable life insurance coverage to the Unorganised Sector of the population in India the scheme was launched in 2007 and is administered by the life insurance Corporation of India.

#### 7. E-Scholarship

Is an open access publishing platform we offer publishing and production tools including a full editorial and Peer review System as well as professional support and consulting services.

#### 8. Indira Gandhi National Windows Pension Scheme

This scheme is implemented by ministry of Rural Development by ministry of Rural Development Gurermont of India. It is a non-contributory pension scheme to provide social security to windows of poor family (BPL) of the society. A window pension Yojana or Vidhwa pension Yojana government to empower windows in India, the minimum pension. Per month starts from RS.300. The Government provider's afited regular Monthly income. The Minimum pension provided by the Government is 300 in all the states and can Betureen-300 and 2000.

#### 9. Sanjay Gandhi Niradhar Anudan Yojana

Scheme, financial assistance of bow/per month is given if there is only one beneficiary in the eligible family and 900/- per month if there is more than one-ciary in a family. A window in ASE benefit group of so0+0 65 year whose family falls under below poverty line is eligible under this scheme she is entitled to receive Rs 200 per month under this scheme. She also recevies RS 400/- per month under state sponsored Jhandi Aadhar Yaina is Importent.

#### 10. Indira Awas Yojana Scheme

IAY is a beneficiary oriented programme aimed at providing house for Sc St household who are victims of atrocities household headed by windows l unmarried This Scheme has

been in effect from I<sup>st</sup> April 1999 his Scheme was launched to Provide housing for the rural population in India and in 40 years the Scheme has now been renamed to PMAY is a Credit – linked Subsidy Scheme by the government of India to facilitate access to affordable housing for the Low and Moderate – income residence of the country. It envisaged a target of building 2 Crore affordable house by 31 March 2022 he Scheme Benefits BPL holders will receive the chance to Construct a house with financial assistance from the government in plain rural areas, the government will provide. 20 lakh rupees and in hilly areas, a sum of 30 lakhs will be provided features and Benefits to Pradhan Mantri Awas Yojana the interested Subsidy rate provided by the Scheme is up to 6, s on housing loan to and beneficiaries Taking loans with a tenure of up to 20 years Interest rate Subsidy, however, Varies basis income Slabs.

#### 11. Mahatma Gandhi Rashtriya Gramin Rojgar Hami Yojana Maharashtra

The government of Maharashtra guarantees unskilled employment to laborers over and above 100days every household residing in any rural area is entitled to a job Card which Contains the name and photographs of all adult members of the household so that they can demand and receive his Scheme Father is Vasantrao Naik his Scheme Beneficiary the main eligibility conditions for beneficiary oriented works

- i). Scheduled Castes,
- ii). Scheduled Tribes
- iii). BPL Families
- iv). Women headed families
- v). Physically handicapped families
- vi). Land reforms beneficiaries
- vii). Forest Rights leaseholder
- viii). Indira housing Beneficiary
- ix). Small Marginal Farmers are beneficiaries
- x). Forest Rights Leaseholder
- xi). Indian housing Beneficiaries.

#### Scheme Launched for Agriculture in Maharashtra

- i). Nanaji Deshmukh Krishi Sanjjvani yojana
- ii). Chhatrapati Shivaji Maharaj shetkari sanman yojana
- iii). Babasaheb Ambedkar kirshi Sawavlamban yojana
- iv). Tyala Shettabel yojana
- v). Chief minister Agriculture and food processing Scheme
- vi). Jalyukta Shivar yojana
- vii). Mission for Integrated Development of Horticulture (2013 – 15)
- viii). National Horticulture mission (2005 – 2006)
- ix). Coconut Development Bord (CDB)
- x). Interest Rebate Scheme Start now 5 July 2010.
- xi). National Agriculture Insurance Scheme (1999-2000)
- xii). Modified National Agricultures Insurance Scheme.
- xiii). Pradhan Mantri Fasal Bhima Yojana
- xiv). Restricted Weather Based Crop Insurance Scheme Start now 18 Feb 2016.

#### Evaluation

##### Socio-economics Scheme Advantage and Disadvantage

The advantage of Command economy or planned economy are that central planning allows the elimination of market failures and in theory better allocation of resources prioritising social need over profits Disadvantage of Market economy include intervention, Uncertainty and instability, and lack of public goods, Socially disadvantage individuals

Whose ability to Complete in the free enterprise Systems has been impaired due to diminished Capital and Credit opportunities as Compared to other in the Same or similar line of business who are not socially disadvantaged.

Advantage of an economic Scheme Resources are effectively allocated, a free market encourages Competition, there is no innovative and economic growth Consumers are provided with many alternative because the government does not restrict markets economic growth general job opportunities and hence Stronger demand for labour the main and often the sole asset Crucial in developing higher growth As per the decision family with a yellow and Saffron of a girl child Rs. 6000 after she enrolled in standard first Rs. 7000 after the 6<sup>th</sup> standard some of the important poverty alleviation programmes in India are interested rural development programmes Pradhan Mantri Jan Dhan yojana, Pradhan Mantri Kaushal Vikas Yojana, Gramin Swaraj Abhiyan, national food Security MGNREGA and national rural livelihood mission 14 No 2023 There is development of Maharashtra People due to different in Maharashtra human development index improves due to economics projects agriculture and Services Sectors are developing it reduces Socio-Economic backwardness.

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